

A Typical Molluscum Contagiosa In Hiv Positive Patients

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INTRODUCTION:

Molluscum Contagiosa is a cutaneous viral infection caused by pox virus 1 & 2. Molluscum contagiosum virus-2 is common in adult men and in HIV-infected patients. Molluscum Contagiosa is transmitted primarily through direct skin contact with an infected source. Spread by autoinoculation is common. Genital lesions are sexually transmitted. Clinically lesions are small, discrete, pearly dome shaped umbilicated papules. 5 to 10% of HIV positive patients are affected by molluscum contagiosum. Atypical and recalcitrant lesions have been described in HIV positive patients.

CASE REPORTS

Case-1: A 35 years old male presented with multiple asymptomatic papules and pustules on forehead since 3 months duration. History of contact was present.



Case- 2: A 30 years old male presented with multiple asymptomatic papules, pustules, erythema and scaling on cheeks since 2 months duration. History of contact was present.

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Case-3: A 50 years old male presented with multiple asymptomatic papules and nodules on face, neck, forearms and legs since 1 year duration. Patient denies history of exposure.



All 3 cases were thoroughly examined for skin and systemic examination. Routine blood counts, chest x-ray, blood VDRL were normal. All 3 cases